Term Information

Effective	Term
Previous	Value

Spring 2023 *Autumn 2022*

Course Change Information

What change is being proposed? (If more than one, what changes are being proposed?)

Adding new TCT Theme (one of the initial courses proposed for the new theme)

What is the rationale for the proposed change(s)?

Course is a good fit for TCT Theme

What are the programmatic implications of the proposed change(s)?

(e.g. program requirements to be added or removed, changes to be made in available resources, effect on other programs that use the course)? N/A

Is approval of the requrest contingent upon the approval of other course or curricular program request? No

Is this a request to withdraw the course? No

General Information

Course Bulletin Listing/Subject Area	History
Fiscal Unit/Academic Org	History - D0557
College/Academic Group	Arts and Sciences
Level/Career	Undergraduate
Course Number/Catalog	3227
Course Title	Gnostics and Other Early Christian Heresies
Transcript Abbreviation	Gnostics
Course Description	Examines the early Christian philosophical movement known as "the Gnostics" whose beliefs, based on the stories of the Bible, Platonist philosophy, and the new revelation of Jesus, shocked other Christians.
Previous Value	Examines the early Christian philosophical movement known as "the Gnostics" whose beliefs, based on the stories of the Bible, Platonist philosophy, and the new revelation of Jesus, shocked other Christians. Sometimes taught at distance.
Semester Credit Hours/Units	Fixed: 3

Offering Information

Length Of Course	14 Week, 12 Week, 8 Week, 7 Week, 6 Week, 4 Week
Flexibly Scheduled Course	Never
Does any section of this course have a distance education component?	No
Previous Value	Yes, Greater or equal to 50% at a distance
Grading Basis	Letter Grade
Repeatable	No
Course Components	Lecture
Grade Roster Component	Lecture
Credit Available by Exam	No
Admission Condition Course	No
Off Campus	Never
Campus of Offering	Columbus, Lima, Mansfield, Marion, Newark, Wooster

COURSE CHANGE REQUEST 3227 - Status: PENDING

Prerequisites and Exclusions

Prerequisites/Corequisites	Prereq or concur: English 1110.xx, or completion of GE Foundation Writing and Information Literacy Course, or permission of instructor.
Previous Value	Prereq or concur: English 1110.xx, or permission of instructor.
Exclusions Electronically Enforced	Yes

Cross-Listings

Cross-Listings

Subject/CIP Code

Subject/CIP Code	54.0101
Subsidy Level	Baccalaureate Course
Intended Rank	Sophomore, Junior, Senior

Requirement/Elective Designation

Required for this unit's degrees, majors, and/or minors

General Education course:

Historical Study; Global Studies (International Issues successors); Traditions, Cultures, and Transformations The course is an elective (for this or other units) or is a service course for other units

Previous Value

Required for this unit's degrees, majors, and/or minors
General Education course:
Historical Study; Global Studies (International Issues successors); Historical and Cultural Studies
The course is an elective (for this or other units) or is a service course for other units

Course Details

Course goals or learning objectives/outcomes	• Students will gain an understanding of the Gnostic school of thought and related groups in second- and third	
objectives/outcomes	Christianity.	
	• Students will gain an understanding of the relationship between culture and religion.	
Content Topic List	Before Genesis	
	• Adam and Eve	
	Platonic myth of creation	
	The Bible and Plato	
	• The Myth of Basilides	
	• The Soul's Fall and the Divine Twin	
	• The Spirituality of Gnosis	
	The Zenith of Mythologizing	
Sought Concurrence	No	

Previous Value

Attachments • HIST 3227 Syllabus.docx: Syllabus	
	(Syllabus. Owner: Getson,Jennifer L.)
	HIST3227_TCT_SubmissionDoc.docx: GE Form
	(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Getson, Jennifer L.)
	• HIST 3227 Syllabus REVISED.docx: REVISED Syllabus
	(Syllabus. Owner: Getson,Jennifer L.)

• HIST3227 TCT GE Form REVISED.docx: REVISED GE Form

(Other Supporting Documentation. Owner: Getson, Jennifer L.)

Comments

• Uploaded Revised Syllabus and GE form. Also updated the prereq to reflect the new GE writing prereq language. (by Getson, Jennifer L. on 10/31/2022 09:37 AM)

• Please see Panel feedback email sent 10/26/2022. (by Hilty, Michael on 10/26/2022 11:54 AM)

Workflow Information

Status	User(s)	Date/Time	Step
Submitted	Getson, Jennifer L.	06/28/2022 02:57 PM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Soland,Birgitte	06/28/2022 04:19 PM	Unit Approval
Approved	Vankeerbergen,Bernadet te Chantal	09/06/2022 02:39 PM	College Approval
Revision Requested	Hilty,Michael	10/26/2022 11:54 AM	ASCCAO Approval
Submitted	Getson, Jennifer L.	10/31/2022 09:38 AM	Submitted for Approval
Approved	Soland,Birgitte	10/31/2022 09:49 AM	Unit Approval
Approved	Vankeerbergen,Bernadet te Chantal	10/31/2022 10:40 AM	College Approval
Pending Approval	Cody,Emily Kathryn Jenkins,Mary Ellen Bigler Hanlin,Deborah Kay Hilty,Michael Vankeerbergen,Bernadet te Chantal Steele,Rachel Lea	10/31/2022 10:40 AM	ASCCAO Approval

SYLLABUS: HIST 3227 GNOSTICS AND OTHER EARLY CHRISTIAN HERESIES AUTUMN 2022

Course Overview

Classroom Information

Format of Instruction: In Person Lecture Meeting Days/Times: Tuesdays and Thursday 9:35–10:55 Location: TBA

Instructor

Instructor: Professor David Brakke Email address: <u>brakke.2@osu.edu</u> Office: 230 Dulles Hall Phone number: 614-292-2174 Office hours: Tuesdays 1:15–2:15 in person; Wednesdays 2:00–3:00 via Zoom (link on Carmen course homepage); and in person or via Zoom by appointment

Course Description

"Gnosticism" was the first great Christian "heresy"; indeed, it prompted the creation of the idea of "heresy." But who were the Gnostics? And what did they teach? And what's a heresy? Manuscripts discovered in the twentieth century now enable us to read works from the Gnostics themselves. This course will explore the writings and teachings of the Gnostic school of thought and related groups in second- and third-century Christianity. The Gnostics taught that this world is a mistake, created by an evil and ignorant god, and that Jesus has come to rescue people from it. They presented their teachings in an elaborate myth that drew from the Bible and Platonist philosophy. Other groups, like the Valentinians, presented their own variations of the Gnostic myth, and "proto-orthodox" Christians developed their theologies and notions of heresy in response to Gnostic views. We will read such "heretical" works as *The Secret Book According to John, The Gospel of Judas*, and *The Gospel According to Thomas*, as well as writings by opponents of the Gnostics, including Irenaeus of Lyons and Origen of Alexandria.

Course Learning Outcomes

By the end of this course, students should successfully be able to:

• Identify, compare, and contrast the teachings and practices of diverse early Christian movements of the first three centuries CE.

- Trace the social and political history of the Roman empire from 100 to 250.
- Recognize the differing understandings of God, salvation, and community that developed during this period and their enduring legacies.
- Understand the obstacles to and the benefits of analyzing class and gender in late ancient history.

General Education

General Education (GE)

This course fulfills the Legacy GE categories of **Historical Studies** and **Diversity: Global Studies** OR the current GE Theme: **Traditions, Cultures, and Transformations (TCT).**

Legacy GE: Historical Studies

Goal:

Students recognize how past events are studied and how they influence today's society and the human condition.

Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs):

- 1. Students construct an integrated perspective on history and the factors that shape human activity.
- 2. Students describe and analyze the origins and nature of contemporary issues.
- Students speak and write critically about primary and secondary historical sources by examining diverse interpretations of past events and ideas in their historical contexts.

This course will fulfill the Legacy GE: Historical Studies in the following ways:

You will construct an integrated perspective on the history of ancient Gnosticism by reading and synthesizing a range of primary and secondary sources (ELO 1), which you will analyze in class discussions and evaluate critically in tests and papers (ELO 3). You will learn how Christianity developed into the religion that it is today (ELO 2).

Legacy GE: Diversity: Global Studies

Goal:

Students understand the pluralistic nature of institutions, society, and culture in the United States and across the world in order to become educated, productive,

and principled citizens.

Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs):

- 1. Students understand some of the political, economic, cultural, physical, social, and philosophical aspects of one or more of the world's nations, peoples and cultures outside the U.S.
- 2. Students recognize the role of national and international diversity in shaping their own attitudes and values as global citizens.

This course will fulfill the Legacy GE: Diversity: Global Studies in the following ways:

You will study the religious and philosophical culture of the ancient Mediterranean world (ELO 1), and you will earn about forms of Christianity that shape the diversity of the globe today (ELO 2).

GE Theme: Traditions, Cultures, and Transformations

Goals:

1. Successful students will analyze an important topic or idea at a more advanced and in-depth level than in the Foundations component. [Note: In this context, "advanced" refers to courses that are e.g., synthetic, rely on research or cutting-edge findings, or deeply engage with the subject matter, among other possibilities.]

2. Successful students will integrate approaches to the theme by making connections to out-of-classroom experiences with academic knowledge or across disciplines and/or to work they have done in previous classes and that they anticipate doing in future.

3. Successful students will engage in a systematic assessment of how cultures and sub-cultures develop and interact, historically or in contemporary society.

4. Successful students will engage in a systematic assessment of differences among societies, institutions, and individuals' experience within traditions and cultures.

Expected Learning Outcomes:

Successful students are able to:

1.1. Engage in critical and logical thinking about the topic or idea of the theme.

1.2. Engage in an advance, in-depth, scholarly exploration of the topic or idea of the theme.

2.1. Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experiences as they apply to the theme.

2.2. Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment, and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.

3.1. Describe the influence of an aspect of culture (e.g., religious belief, gender roles, institutional organization, technology, epistemology, philosophy, scientific discovery, etc.) on at least one historical or contemporary issue.
3.2. Analyze the impact of a "big" idea or technological advancement in creating a major and long-lasting change in a specific culture.

3.3. Examine the interactions among dominant and sub-cultures.

3.4. Explore changes and continuities over time within a culture or society.

4.1. Recognize and explain differences, similarities, and disparities among institutions, organizations, cultures, societies, and/or individuals.

4.2. Explain ways in which categories such as race, ethnicity, and gender and perceptions of difference impact individual outcomes and broader societal issues.

This course will fulfill the current GE Theme: Traditions, Cultures, and Transformations in the following ways:

<u>GOAL 1:</u> You will analyze critically and logically primary and secondary sources in class discussions, papers, and tests (ELO 1.1), and you will consider advanced and competing scholarly approaches to the topic (ELO 1.2).

<u>GOAL 2:</u> You will encounter and assess differing perspectives on "Gnosticism" and ancient religions (ELO 2.1), and you will engage in critical reflection on your biases and modes of reading (ELO 2.2)

<u>GOAL 3:</u> You will explore how the views of the Gnostics and other Christians shaped attitudes toward the natural world, gender and sexuality, and other enduring issues (ELO 3.1) and how Gnostic claims about God impacted wider Christianity and ancient culture (ELO 3.2). You will study the interactions among Jews, Gnostics, Platonists, non-Gnostic Christians, and others (ELO 3.3) and how these groups changed during the first three or four centuries C.E. (ELO 3.4).

<u>GOAL 4:</u> You will closely examine the similarities and differences among various Christian sects (ELO 4.1), and you will study how gender and racial imagery functioned in Gnostic mythology and practice (ELO 4.2).

Course Materials

Bentley Layton, *The Gnostic Scriptures* (2nd edition, 2021) Robert Grant, *Irenaeus of Lyons*

Additional readings will be made available on Carmen. You will also need a copy of the Christian Bible (Hebrew Bible [Old Testament], Apocrypha, and New Testament). The New Revised Standard Version (NRSV) is highly recommended. If you do not own a Bible, *The HarperCollins Study Bible* is a good investment.

Grading and Instructor Response

Graded Activities

You have four graded components of varied activities. You need to read both primary and secondary sources closely and engage in discussions about them. You will be asked to synthesize and analyze information about early Christianity in quizzes and exams. And you will reflect on and engage with key ideas through papers.

1. Attendance, preparation of readings, and participation (20%). You should do the assigned readings for each class session and bring them to class. A handout of daily discussion questions will help you to focus your reading and prepare you for our discussions. You should also bring your own questions and insights about the readings.

2. Midterm examination on <u>Tuesday</u>, <u>October 11 (</u>25%). The test will be administered via Carmen and will be timed (80 minutes), but you can take the test at any 80-minute period during the 24 hours of the day. Class will not meet.

3. Two short papers (4–6 pages) due on <u>September 21 and November 16</u> (30%). Assignments for these papers will be distributed well in advance of the due dates. No research will be required.

4. Final examination on <u>XXX</u>, administered via Carmen during the week of December 7 (25%).

The midterm and final examinations will be administered via Carmen. The exams will be timed and must be completed in a single sitting only once, but they will be available over multi-day periods. They will consist of a mix of short and longer essay questions, and you will be able to use your notes and textbooks.

Grading Scale

A = 93–100
A- = 90–92
B+ = 87–89
B = 83–86
B- = 80–82
C+ = 77–79
C = 73–76
C- = 70–72
D+ = 65–69
D = 60–64

E = under 60

When averages are calculated, numbers are rounded up from .5. For example, 89.5 = 90.

Instructor Feedback and Response Time

Email is usually the best way to reach me, and you can expect a response within 24 hours. My office hours (whether in person or on Zoom) do not require an appointment, but I can meet at other times by appointment.

You can expect evaluation of and feedback on papers and tests within seven days.

Schedule of Topics and Readings

Class Time and Preparation

You should always bring to class the assigned readings. You should have read them and their introductions closely before class, making use of the handout of discussion questions. In class we will devote some time to historical background and the remainder of our time to analysis of and discussion of the sources

GS = Layton, Gnostic Scriptures

I. Introduction

<u>August 23: Orientation</u> "General Introduction" (*GS* xv–xxviii)

<u>August 25: A First Encounter with the Gnostic Myth</u> *The Secret Book According to John* (GS 25–61) "Historical Introduction" to Classic Gnostic Scripture (GS 5–23)

II. The Paths to the Gnostic Myth

<u>August 30: Two Creation Stories: Genesis and Plato's *Timaeus* Genesis 1–8 in the Septuagint version (Carmen) Plato, *Timaeus* 26e–45b, 89d–92c (Carmen)</u>

<u>September 1: Weaving Together Moses and Plato</u> Philo of Alexandria, *On the Creation of the Cosmos According to Moses* (excerpts) (Carmen) <u>September 6: Paul and the Problem of the Law</u> Romans and Galatians (in the New Testament) Marcion, *Antitheses* (Carmen)

September 8: The Gospel of John and Separation from Judaism Gospel According to John (in the New Testament) The Writings of Basilides (*GS* 607–636)

III. The Gnostic School of Thought

September 13: God, Creation, and Salvation in Gnostic Thought The Secret Book According to John (GS 25–61) "Satorninos (According to St. Irenaeus)" (GS 209–212) "The Gnostics (According to St. Irenaeus)" (GS 213–219)

<u>September 15: Gnostics and Other Christians: *The Gospel of Judas The Gospel of Judas* (*GS* 62–76) "Other' Gnostic Teachings (According to St. Irenaeus)" (*GS* 220–233)</u>

September 20: Rewriting Genesis

The Revelation of Adam (GS 77–92) The Reality of the Rulers (GS 93–107) Targum of Palestine (Pseudo-Jonathan) on Genesis I–V (Carmen)

<u>September 22: Gnostic Worship of the Parent and the Barbēlō</u> *First Thought in Three Forms* (GS 118–136) *The Holy Book of the Great Invisible Spirit* (*The Egyptian Gospel*) (GS 137–161) *The Three Tablets of Seth* (GS 196–208)

<u>September 27: Gnostic Mysticism: Journeys into the Mind of God</u> *Zōstrianos* (excerpts) (*GS* 162–185) *The Foreigner* (escerpt) (*GS* 186–195) "The Gnostics (According to Porphyry)" (*GS* 234–236) Plato, *Symposium* 210A–212A (Carmen) Alcinous, *Didaskalikos* 9–10, 28 (Carmen) *2 Enoch* (Carmen)

<u>September 29: The Feminine Voice of the Divine</u> *The Thunder—Perfect Intellect* (*GS* 108–117) *Thought of Nōrea* (Carmen)

October 4: The Hypothesis of a "Sethian" (Gnostic) System and "the Immovable Race"

Hans-Martin Schenke, "The Sethian System According to the Nag Hammadi Manuscripts" (Carmen)
Hans-Martin Schenke, "The Phenomenon and Significance of Gnostic Sethianism" (Carmen)
Frederick Wisse, "Stalking Those Elusive Sethians" (Carmen)

October 6: Sexual Slander and Ritual Cannibalism: The Reports from Epiphanius of Salamis

"The Sethians (According to St. Epiphanius)" (*GS* 185–190) "The Archontics (According to St. Epiphanius)" (*GS* 191–198) "The Gnostics (According to St. Epiphanius)" (*GS* 199–214)

October 11: Midterm Examination

Have a relaxing Autumn Break!

IV. The School of St. Thomas

<u>October 18: God and the Self in *The Gospel According to Thomas* "Historical Introduction" to the School of St. Thomas (*GS* 535–541) *The Hymn of the Pearl* (*GS* 543–554) *The Gospel According to Thomas* (*GS* 555–588)</u>

<u>October 20: The Development of Thomas Christianity</u> The Book of Thomas the Contender Writing to the Perfect (GS 589–600)

V. Valentinus and the Valentinian School

October 25: Valentinus's Reformation of Gnostic Myth "Historical Introduction" to the Writings of Valentinus (*GS* 275–280) "Valentinus' Myth (According to St. Irenaeus)" (*GS* 281–285) Valentinus, Fragments of Lost Works (*GS* 286–303) Valentinus, *Summer Harvest* (*GS* 304–307) Valentinus (?), *The Gospel of Truth* (*GS* 308–327)

October 27: Irenaeus's Account of the Valentinian Myth "Historical Introduction" to the School of Valentinus (*GS* 331–339) "Ptolemy's Version of the Gnostic Myth (According to St. Irenaeus)" (*GS* 341–374)

November 1: A Valentinian's Version of the Valentinian Myth The Tripartite Tractate (GS 379–435)

November 3: Authority and Theology among Valentinians

Ptolemy, *Epistle to Flora* (*GS* 436–447) *Treatise on Resurrection* (*Epistle to Rheginus*) (*GS* 448–458)

November 8: Valentinian Ritual: The Mysteries of the Faith and the Bridal Chamber

The Gospel According to Philip (*GS* 459–500) Clement of Alexandria, *Excerpts from Theodotus* (*GS* 501–529)

VI. Responding to *Gnosis* and Creating "Orthodoxy" and "Heresy"

November 10: Justin Martyr, Irenaeus of Lyons, and the Invention of Heresy Grant, Irenaeus of Lyons, 57–105

November 15: Irenaeus of Lyons and the Invention of Catholic Tradition Grant, Irenaeus of Lyons, 106–143

November 17: Irenaeus of Lyons and an Orthodox Vision of God Grant, *Irenaeus of Lyons*, 144–186

<u>November 22: Origen of Alexandria and a "Proto-Orthodox" Myth</u> Origen, Excerpts from *On First Principles* (Carmen)

Have a happy Thanksgiving!

VII. "Gnosticism": Theoretical and Historical Questions

<u>November 29: What's a "Gnostic" Text?</u> On the Origin of the World (Carmen) The Gospel of Mary (Carmen)

<u>December 1: The Sethian Hypothesis and the Gnostic School of Thought</u> David Brakke, "Identifying the Gnostics and their Literature" (Carmen) Bentley Layton, "Prolegomena to the Study of Ancient Gnosticism" (Carmen)

<u>December 6: Alternative Approaches to "Gnosticism"</u> Michael A. Williams, "Was There a Gnostic Religion? Strategies for a Clearer Analysis" (Carmen) Birger A. Pearson, "Gnosticism as a Religion" (Carmen) Antti Marjanen, "Gnosticism" (Carmen)

XXX: Final Examination

Other Course Policies

Academic integrity policy

It is the responsibility of the Committee on Academic Misconduct to investigate or establish procedures for the investigation of all reported cases of student academic misconduct. The term "academic misconduct" includes all forms of student academic misconduct wherever committed; illustrated by, but not limited to, cases of plagiarism and dishonest practices in connection with examinations. Instructors shall report all instances of alleged academic misconduct to the committee (Faculty Rule 3335-5-487). For additional information, see the Code of Student Conduct http://studentlife.osu.edu/csc/.

If I suspect that a student has committed academic misconduct in this course, I am obligated by university rules to report my suspicions to the Committee on Academic Misconduct. If COAM determines that you have violated the university's Code of Student Conduct (i.e., committed academic misconduct), the sanctions for the misconduct could include a failing grade in this course and suspension or dismissal from the university.

If you have any questions about the above policy or what constitutes academic misconduct in this course, please contact me.

Other sources of information on academic misconduct (integrity) to which you can refer include:

Committee on Academic Misconduct web page (go.osu.edu/coam)

• Ten Suggestions for Preserving Academic Integrity (go.osu.edu/tensuggestions)

Student Services and Advising

University Student Services can be accessed through BuckeyeLink. More information is available here:

https://contactbuckeyelink.osu.edu/

Advising resources for students are available here: http://advising.osu.edu

Copyright for Instructional Materials

The materials used in connection with this course may be subject to copyright protection and are only for the use of students officially enrolled in the course for

the educational purposes associated with the course. Copyright law must be considered before copying, retaining, or disseminating materials outside of the course.

Statement on Title IX

Title IX makes it clear that violence and harassment based on sex and gender are Civil Rights offenses subject to the same kinds of accountability and the same kinds of support applied to offenses against other protected categories (e.g., race). If you or someone you know has been sexually harassed or assaulted, you may find the appropriate resources at http://titleix.osu.edu or by contacting the Ohio State Title IX Coordinator at titleix@osu.edu

Commitment to a Diverse and Inclusive Learning Environment

The Ohio State University affirms the importance and value of diversity in the student body. Our programs and curricula reflect our multicultural society and global economy and seek to provide opportunities for students to learn more about persons who are different from them. We are committed to maintaining a community that recognizes and values the inherent worth and dignity of every person; fosters sensitivity, understanding, and mutual respect among each member of our community; and encourages each individual to strive to reach his or her own potential. Discrimination against any individual based upon protected status, which is defined as age, color, disability, gender identity or expression, national origin, race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, or veteran status, is prohibited.

Land Acknowledgement

We would like to acknowledge the land that The Ohio State University occupies is the ancestral and contemporary territory of the Shawnee, Potawatomi, Delaware, Miami, Peoria, Seneca, Wyandotte, Ojibwe and Cherokee peoples. Specifically, the university resides on land ceded in the 1795 Treaty of Greeneville and the forced removal of tribes through the Indian Removal Act of 1830. I/We want to honor the resiliency of these tribal nations and recognize the historical contexts that has and continues to affect the Indigenous peoples of this land.

More information on OSU's land acknowledgement can be found here:

https://mcc.osu.edu/about-us/land-acknowledgement

Your Mental Health

As a student you may experience a range of issues that can cause barriers to learn, such as strained relationships, increased anxiety, alcohol/drug problems,

feeling down, difficulty concentrating and/or lack of motivation. These mental health concerns or stressful events may lead to diminished academic performance or reduce a student's ability to participate in daily activities. No matter where you are engaged in distance learning, The Ohio State University's Student Life Counseling and Consultation Service (CCS) is here to support you. If you find yourself feeling isolated, anxious or overwhelmed, on-demand resources are available at go.osu.edu/ccsondemand. You can reach an on-call counselor when CCS is closed at 614292-5766, and 24-hour emergency help is also available through the 24/7 National Prevention Hotline at 1-800-273-TALK or at suicidepreventionlifeline.org. The Ohio State Wellness app is also a great resource available at go.osu.edu/wellnessapp.

Accessibility Accommodations for Students with Disabilities

Requesting Accommodations

The university strives to make all learning experiences as accessible as possible. If you anticipate or experience academic barriers based on your disability including mental health, chronic or temporary medical conditions, please let me know immediately so that we can privately discuss options. To establish reasonable accommodations, I may request that you register with Student Life Disability Services. After registration, make arrangements with me as soon as possible to discuss your accommodations so that they may be implemented in a timely fashion. SLDS contact information: slds@osu.edu; 614-292-3307; 098 Baker Hall, 113 W. 12th Avenue.

Accessibility of Course Technology

This course requires use of CarmenCanvas (Ohio State's learning management system). If you need additional services to use this technology, please request accommodations with your instructor.

 Canvas accessibility (go.osu.edu/canvasaccessibility)

GE Theme course submission worksheet: Traditions, Cultures, & Transformations

Overview

Courses in the GE Themes aim to provide students with opportunities to explore big picture ideas and problems within the specific practice and expertise of a discipline or department. Although many Theme courses serve within disciplinary majors or minors, by requesting inclusion in the General Education, programs are committing to the incorporation of the goals of the focal theme and the success and participation of students from outside of their program.

Each category of the GE has specific learning goals and Expected Learning Outcomes (ELOs) that connect to the big picture goals of the program. ELOs describe the knowledge or skills students should have by the end of the course. Courses in the GE Themes must meet the ELOs common for **all** GE Themes <u>and</u> those specific to the Theme, in addition to any ELOs the instructor has developed specific to that course. All courses in the GE must indicate that they are part of the GE and include the Goals and ELOs of their GE category on their syllabus.

The prompts in this form elicit information about how this course meets the expectations of the GE Themes. The form will be reviewed by a group of content experts (the Theme Advisory) and by a group of curriculum experts (the Theme Panel), with the latter having responsibility for the ELOs and Goals common to all themes (those things that make a course appropriate for the GE Themes) and the former having responsibility for the ELOs and Goals specific to the topic of **this** Theme.

Briefly describe how this course connects to or exemplifies the concept of this Theme (Traditions, Cultures, & Transformations)

In a sentence or two, explain how this class "fits' within the focal Theme. This will help reviewers understand the intended frame of reference for the course-specific activities described below.

(This course provides an advanced study of the Traditions, Cultures and Transformations theme through the in-depth study of the emergence of diversity within early Christianity during the first three centuries C.E. The rise of "Gnosticism" presents a prime example of the issues that this theme explores: the influence of a new "big idea," the interactions among dominant cultures and sub-cultures, changes and continuities over time within a culture and society, diversity within and across cultures, and the significance of categories of race, ethnicity, and gender.

Connect this course to the Goals and ELOs shared by *all* Themes

Below are the Goals and ELOs common to all Themes. In the accompanying table, for each ELO, describe the activities (discussions, readings, lectures, assignments) that provide opportunities for students to achieve those outcomes. The answer should be concise and use language accessible to colleagues outside of the submitting department or discipline. The specifics of the activities matter—listing "readings" without a reference to the topic of those readings will not allow the reviewers to understand how the ELO will be met. However, the panel evaluating the fit of the course to the Theme will review this form in conjunction with the syllabus, so if readings, lecture/discussion topics, or other specifics are provided on the syllabus, it is not necessary to reiterate them within this form. The ELOs are expected to vary in their "coverage" in terms of number of activities or emphasis within the course. Examples from successful courses are shared on the next page.

Goal 1: Successful students will analyze an important topic or idea at a more advanced and in-depth level than the foundations. In this context, "advanced" refers to courses that are e.g., synthetic, rely on research or cutting-edge findings, or deeply engage with the subject matter, among other possibilities.

Goal 2: Successful students will integrate approaches to the theme by making connections to out-ofclassroom experiences with academic knowledge or across disciplines and/or to work they have done in previous classes and that they anticipate doing in future.

	Course activities and assignments to meet these ELOs
ELO 1.1 Engage in critical and logical thinking.	 This course will build skills in critical and logical thinking about traditions, cultures and transformations through Reading of primary sources and analyses of them in class-based discussions Completion of two short papers that ask students to analyze primary sources critically either through comparison of two or more sources on a single theme (e.g., the role of women in the community, appropriations of Platonism and Judaism) or through the discernment of change and continuity over time (likewise on a single theme, e.g., the nature of authority, perspectives on gender and authority, ideas about God) Completion of two tests in which students demonstrate comprehension of the course readings and materials
ELO 1.2 Engage in an advanced, in-depth, scholarly exploration of the topic or ideas within this theme.	It is advanced because students read a range of primary sources and subject them to analysis, and they consider various competing scholarly interpretations of these sources.
ELO 2.1 Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experiences.	Students explore different approaches to the materials through the inherently multidisciplinary study of religion. They encounter conflicting scholarly perspectives explicitly on the days listed as Oct 4, Nov 29, Dec 1, and Dec 6. Paper assignments and exam questions invite students to identify, describe, synthesize and assess these differing views.
ELO 2.2 Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment, and creative work, building on prior experiences to respond to new and challenging contexts.	The papers encourage students to reflect on what they studied and to integrate what they have learned with new material. After each paper and test, students are invited to respond with a one-paragraph self-assessment of what they can work on for future assignments. The class discussions model self-critical reflection on how we read and analyze sources and how we adjudicate among competing interpretations.

Example responses for proposals within "Citizenship" (from Sociology 3200, Comm 2850, French 2803):

ELO 1.1 Engage in critical and logical thinking.	 This course will build skills needed to engage in critical and logical thinking about immigration and immigration related policy through: Weekly reading response papers which require the students to synthesize and critically evaluate cutting-edge scholarship on immigration; Engagement in class-based discussion and debates on immigration-related topics using evidence-based logical reasoning to evaluate policy positions; Completion of an assignment which build skills in analyzing empirical data on immigration (Assignment #1) Completion 3 assignments which build skills in connecting individual experiences with broader population-based patterns (Assignments #1, #2, #3) Completion of 3 quizzes in which students demonstrate comprehension of the course readings and materials.
<i>ELO 2.1</i> Identify, describe, and synthesize approaches or experiences.	Students engage in advanced exploration of each module topic through a combination of lectures, readings, and discussions. Lecture Course materials come from a variety of sources to help students engage in the relationship between media and citizenship at an advanced level. Each of the 12 modules has 3-4 lectures that contain information from both peer-reviewed and popular sources. Additionally, each module has at least
	one guest lecture from an expert in that topic to increase students' access to people with expertise in a variety of areas. <u>Reading</u> The textbook for this course provides background information on each topic and corresponds to the lectures. Students also take some control over their own learning by choosing at least one peer-reviewed article and at least one newspaper article from outside the class materials to read and include in their weekly discussion posts.
	<u>Discussions</u> Students do weekly discussions and are given flexibility in their topic choices in order to allow them to take some control over their education. They are also asked to provide information from sources they've found outside the lecture materials. In this way, they are able to explore areas of particular interest to them and practice the skills they will need to gather information about current events, analyze this information, and communicate it with others.
	Activity Example: Civility impacts citizenship behaviors in many ways. Students are asked to choose a TED talk from a provided list (or choose another speech of their interest) and summarize and evaluate what it says about the relationship between civility and citizenship. Examples of Ted Talks on the list include Steven Petrow on the difference between being polite and being civil, Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie's talk on how a single story can perpetuate stereotypes, and Claire Wardle's talk on how diversity can enhance citizenship.

ELO 2.2 Demonstrate a developing sense of self as a learner through reflection, self-assessment, and	Students will conduct research on a specific event or site in Paris not already discussed in depth in class. Students will submit a 300-word abstract of their topic and a bibliography of at least five reputable academic and mainstream sources. At the end of the semester they will
creative work, building on prior experiences to respond	submit a 5-page research paper and present their findings in a 10-minute oral and visual presentation in a small-group setting in Zoom.
to new and challenging	
contexts.	Some examples of events and sites:
	The Paris Commune, an 1871 socialist uprising violently squelched by conservative forces
	Jazz-Age Montmartre, where a small community of African-Americans– including actress and singer Josephine Baker, who was just inducted into the French Pantheon–settled and worked after World War I. The Vélodrome d'hiver Roundup, 16-17 July 1942, when 13,000 Jews were
	rounded up by Paris police before being sent to concentration camps
	The Marais, a vibrant Paris neighborhood inhabited over the centuries by
	aristocrats, then Jews, then the LGBTQ+ community, among other groups.

Goals and ELOs unique to Traditions, Cultures, & Transformations

Below are the Goals and ELOs specific to this Theme. As above, in the accompanying Table, for each ELO, describe the activities (discussions, readings, lectures, assignments) that provide opportunities for students to achieve those outcomes. The answer should be concise and use language accessible to colleagues outside of the submitting department or discipline. The ELOs are expected to vary in their "coverage" in terms of number of activities or emphasis within the course. Examples from successful courses are shared on the next page.

GOAL 3: Successful students will engage in a systematic assessment of how cultures and sub-cultures develop and interact, historically or in contemporary society.

GOAL 4: Successful students will engage in a systematic assessment of differences among societies, institutions, and individuals' experience within traditions and cultures.

	Course activities and assignments to meet these ELOs
ELO 3.1 Describe the influence of an aspect of culture (religious belief, gender roles, institutional organization, technology, epistemology, philosophy, scientific discovery, etc.) on at least one historical or contemporary issue.	The course explores how religious beliefs of one early Christian group influenced and changed the culture of wider Christianity and thus the Roman empire on several issues of historical and contemporary interest, including • the value of the created world • the roles of women and the importance (or not) of the household and family • ethnicity
ELO 3.2 Analyze the impact of a "big" idea or technological advancement in creating a major and long-lasting change in a specific culture.	The course studies the impact of the Gnostics' "big idea"—that the god who created this world is a lower hostile ruler and that true divinity utterly transcends this creation. This assertion and the opposition to it profoundly shaped the eventual orthodox teachings of Christianity, with lasting effects for European and West Asian cultures.
	 Sample discussion/exam questions: All Christian theologians of the second century believed that somehow God is both one and multiple. Explain why they thought about God in this way and how the claims of the Gnostics shaped their views. Include in your answer Marcion, the Valentinians, and the proto-orthodox Irenaeus of Lyons. Gnostic teaching challenged the early Christian belief that the salvation brought by Jesus included resurrection of the dead or "repose" of the dead. How is this concept understood in the

	Gospel According to Thomas, Valentinianism, and Irenaeus of Lyons? In each case you should place this idea within the context of the relevant overall theological perspective.
ELO 3.3 Examine the interactions among dominant and sub-cultures.	Students investigate at least two such major interactions. First, they examine the emergence of the Christian sub-culture within Judaism, the interactions between them, and their gradual separation. The readings and class sessions listed for Aug 30–Sep 8, Sep 20 address this issue specifically. Second, they study how the Gnostic, Thomasine, and Valentinian Christian sub-cultures interacted with the wider Christian movement. This thread runs throughout the entire course, but it receives particular attention in the readings and class sessions listed for Sep 15, Oct 6, Oct 20, Nov 3, Nov 10–22. Students study how a more dominant culture came to label a sub-culture as "heresy."
	 Sample discussion/exam questions: Look at passages where Paul discusses the Jewish Law, especially in Galatians chapter 3 and Romans chapters 3–7. Are his characterizations of the Law positive, negative, or a mix? How might they be taken in a "Gnostic" direction? Consider especially chapters 1, 6, and 8–9 of John. How
	 would you characterize the relationships between Jesus and God, between Jesus and other Jews, and between Jesus and the Jewish tradition (e.g. Moses)? How would you characterize Basilides's attitude toward Jews and the Jewish tradition? Which of his ideas do you find most interesting or puzzling? Which most closely resemble the Secret Book? What does Justin Martyr mean by "heresy"? Why do Marcion
	 and Valentinians qualify for this label in his view? What rhetorical strategies does Irenaeus use to denigrate the "heretical" teachers and groups he describes? What practical measures does he recommend to isolate them? Compare and contrast Origen's view of church tradition and "orthodoxy" with that of Irenaeus.
ELO 3.4 Explore changes and continuities over time within a culture or society.	The course studies the changes and continuities within the Christian sub-culture (and thus within the wider Roman culture) from the first through the third centuries. Specific examples include doctrinal development, changes in authority structures and organizational forms, ideas about "orthodoxy" and "heresy."
	 Sample discussion/exam questions: How does Marcion's reading of Paul reflect the changing composition of Christian groups in the second century? What signs do you see in Valentinus's Fragments and Summer Harvest that he knew and revised the Gnostic myth and/or the Gospel According to Thomas? Using Gospel of Philip and Clement's Excerpts, try to figure out what rituals the Valentinians practiced and what they thought
ELOA 1 Recognize and explain differences	these rituals meant and accomplished. How did their practices alter earlier Christian practice? The course thematizes comparison among the diverse Christian
ELO 4.1 Recognize and explain differences, similarities, and disparities among institutions, organizations, cultures, societies, and/or individuals.	groups of the first three centuries: the Gnostics, Thomas Christians, Valentinian Christians, and "proto-orthodox" Christians. It finds the explanations for similarities and differences in their diverse ways of appropriating their shared heritage of the Jewish Bible, the New Testament, and Platonist philosophy.

 Where do you see the influence of Plato's Timesus in the Gnostic Secret Book of John? What are the important contrasts between these two books on points where they overlap? How does Philo reconcile the creation accounts in Genesis with the Timaeus? Compare his decisions with those in the Secret Book. Compare Plato's Symposium, the Jewish 2 Enoch, the Platonist Didaskalikos, and Gnostic works on the nature of gnösis with God, how it is achieved, and who can get it. Compare the Gospel of Thomas with the Gnostic literature we have read. What ideas are similar and different? Would you call Thomas "Gnostic"? Compare and contrast Origen's views of church tradition with that of Irenaeus. How does Origen understand God as both one and multiple? How is his view similar to and different from that of the Gnostic is and Valentinian? Compare and contrast Origen's views on the Bible and its interpretation with those of Ptolemy the Valentinian. Gender is a thread that runs through the course, even when it is not visible on the syllabus. Gnostic and Valentinian myths feature immortals and divine beings who are gendered male, fremale, and androgynous: the significance of such gendering receives constant serutiny. In turn, proto-orthodox teachers emphasized the exclusively mascullum nature of the divine (Fatter and Son). Likewise, it appears that women played significant roles in Gnostic and Valentinian groups, giving rise to sexually slanderous charges from their opfonents. Race and ethnicity are complicated issues in the study of antiquity, but they too are a thread throughout the course because Gnostics called themselves "their minovable race" and used ethnic categories to plot their religious word (e.g., kinship genealogies). These reterioral strategies appear throughout the course and receive careful analysis. Sample discussion/exam questions: Consider Gospel of Thomas 21, 22, 37, and 114. How would you put together the references to s		
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		• Both Reality and Revelation call the saved people "offspring"
or a "seed." How do their presentations of this idea differ?		
• Does the use of the term "immovable race" suggest that one's		
fate is genetically determined?		